ACCUMULATION.

Wealth of the people. An estimate of the wealth privately owned in Victoria in 1911, based on probate returns, is given in the Victorian Year-Book for 1916-17, page 389.

The accompanying table shows, in various age groups, Property left by deceased the number and value of estates of deceased persons of each sex in connexion with which probate or letters of administration were granted during 1919, also the average amount left by each person whose estate passed through the Probate Office, and by each person dying, and the amount of duty collected on the The resident adults who left property at death in 1919 numbered 5,670, the sex distribution being 3,412 males, or 41 per cent. of male deaths over the age of 21 years, and 2,258 females, or 32 per cent. of adult female deaths. The average value of estates left by males is 89 per cent. more than that of estates left by females. appears that the average wealth of deceased persons in 1919 reached its maximum in the age group 90 and upwards in the case of males, and in the age group 70 to 80 in the case of females. In the estates dealt with during the four years 1915 to 1918, wills were made by a larger proportion of females than of males, while in 1919 wills made by males were proportionately more numerous.

ESTATES OF DECEASED PERSONS IN AGE GROUPS, 1919

	Est	ates.		Val	ue of Estate	es.		
			6	łross.		after dedu .iabilities.		Amount
Age at Death.	Total. Number.	Percent- age Intes- tate.	Real.	Personal.	Real and Personal.	Average to each Estate.	Average per Death in Victoria in each Age Group.	of Duty.
		•	ı	MALE	s.			
Under 15 years 15 to 21 21 to 30 30 to 40 40 to 50 50 to 60 60 to 70 70 to 80 80 to 90	3 53 850 632 441 651 624 651 486	100·0 39·6 35·1 35·9 39·2 29·8 24·2 16·7	£ 1,301 59,269 222,955 348,367 944,581 1,037,103 1,038,235	£ 609 11,468 293,670 485,477 569,861 1,350,826 1,188,784 1,651,890 1,533,845	£ 609 12,763 319,964 525,858 681,730 1,920,182 1,614,418 2,385,170 2,372,447	£ 203 241 376 832 1,546 2,954 2,587 3,664 4,882	£ ·03 44 358 441 625 1,390 1,176 1,890 2,596	£ 12 150 6,308 17,379 35,232 119,436 81,884 149,518 157,719
90 years and up- wards Absentees	68 515	4·4 27·0	139,461 161,543	242,077 713,139	357,478 808,094	5,257 1,569	2,771	22,869 42,742
Total Males	4,974*	27.5	4,614,969	8,041,646	10,998,713	2,211	1,047	633,249
				FEMA	LES.			
Under 15 years	8 67 161 266 415 416 531 355 47 164	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \cdot 0 \\ 79 \cdot 1 \\ 62 \cdot 7 \\ 44 \cdot 7 \\ 40 \cdot 7 \\ 26 \cdot 2 \\ 17 \cdot 3 \\ 10 \cdot 7 \\ 14 \cdot 9 \\ 28 \cdot 0 \end{array}$	5,058 43,295 181,731 227,291 257,115 337,537 222,601 19,759 63,330	2,086 13,833 54,081 224,201 252,767 313,140 446,801 288,227 36,446 188,775	2,086 16,864 82,183 315,482 417,052 514,552 723,111 483,271 54,156 236,716	261 252 510 1,186 1,005 1,237 1,362 1,361 1,152 1,443	8 21 86 371 393 490 634 503	52 220 2,590 17,113 15,906 20,531 29,519 16,892 2,014 11,132
Total Females	2,430	30.5	1,357,717	1,820,357	2,845,473	1,171	321	115,969
Total Males and Females— 1919 1918 1917 1916 1915	7,404 6,935 5,835 5,448 4,449	$28 \cdot 5$ $27 \cdot 0$ $27 \cdot 2$ $29 \cdot 6$ $30 \cdot 8$	5,972,686 5,360,428 4,651,213 4,456,273 4,360,810	9,862,003 7,216,040 6,330,801 5,817,512 5,648,622	13,844,186 11,009,294 9,486,584 8,917,481 8,759,728	1,870 1,587 1,626 1,637 1,969	715 725 652 517 523	749,218 590,330 509,856 458,717 490,072

^{*} Including 1,169 estates of soldiers who were killed in action. These estates are distributed in age groups as follows:—46 between 15 and 21; 660 between 21 and 30; 290 between 30 and 40; 40 between 40 and 50; and 1 between 50 and 60; those of 132 soldiers whose ages could not be ascertained are included in "absentees."

The numbers and values of estates dealt with in each of the last four years, grouped according to value, and distinguishing estates of males from those of females, are as follows:—

NUMBER AND VALUE OF ESTATES OF DECEASED PERSONS, 1916 TO 1919.

		1916.		1917.		1918.		1919.
Value.							-	
	i.	lue.	ن ا	lue.	1	lue.		lue.
	abe	> a	abe	Va	1pe	- Aa) ape	Va
	Number.	Net Value.	Number.	Net Value.	Number.	Net Value.	Number.	Net Value.
				м	ALES.			-,
			1	1	1	1	1 -	
Under £100	779	£ 31,183	769	£ 33,007	933	£ 41,308	685	£ 33,98
100 to £300	811	154,304	1,030	193,440	1,415	265,322		252,69
300 to £500	464	181,258	616	239,039	780	302,070		298,09
500 to £1,000 1,000 to £2,000	548 447	394,465 640,848	589 457	417,382 653,479	666 501	476,370 710.590	745 534	530,69 753,63
2,000 to £2,000	180	447,720	178	442,786	201	501,146		592,03
3,000 to £4,000	127	444,314	122	420,815	118	408,796		505,27
4,000 to £5,000	87	390,200	71	319,447	99	444,836	114	509,01
5,000 to £10,000	145 44	1,005,715 528,458	163	1,139,993	182	1,301,834	218	1,519.43
10,000 to £15,000 15,000 to £25,000	44	916,848	44 36	557,772 671,683	62 40	743,521 743,902	81 61	983,05 1,166,82
25,000 to £50,000	16	514,006	24	878,163	26	941,816	36	1,217,64
50,000 to £100,000	6	412,304	10	712,701	10	711,317	10	859,38
ver £100,000	5	803,759	. 7	912,330	6	1,312,329	13	1,776,95
Total Males	3,706	6,865,382	4,116	7,592,037	5,039	8,905,157	4,974	10,998,71
			*	FEM	ALES.			
Inder £100	287	14,696	249	12,508	271	14,504	321	15,67
100 to £300	472	88,649	426	79,900	505	94,778	634	119,04
300 to £500	280	109,721	294	116,615	311	121,345	392	153,32
500 to £1,000	282	206,486	335	236,412	336	240,914	446	321,16
1,000 to £2,000	221	318,096	211	309,727	241	346,584	318	453,60
2,000 to £3,000 3,000 to £4,000	76 37	186,832 128,482	86 30	209,144 106,506	83 55	$200,015 \\ 190,231$	125 56	309,15 196,61
1,000 to £5,000	23	103,724	23	102,810	21	94,849	35	156,17
5,000 to £10,000	41	290,463	44	306,201	50	323,920	67	450,94
0,000 to £15,000	6	69,186	13	145,154	11	134,734	23	263,45
15,000 to £25,000	11	213,247	4 2	74,644	6	114,135	6	118,38
25,000 to £50,000. 50,000 to £100,000	1	130,114 53,766	2	62,385 132,541	5 1	168,764 59,364	6	181,92
ver £100,000	ì	138,637					i	106,01
Total Females	1,742	2,052,099	1,719	1,894,547	1,896	2,104,137	2,430	2,845,47
GRAND TOTAL	5,448	8,917,481	5,835	9,486,584	6,935	11,009,294	7,404	13,844,18

Compared with the returns for 1918, the figures for 1919 show, in estates of females, an increase of 28 per cent. in the number and of 35 per cent. in the value, and, in estates of males, a small decrease in the number, but an increase of 24 per cent. in the value.

The following figures prove that the economic conditions prevalent in Victoria during the last forty-one years have led to a wide and growing diffusion of wealth amongst the people:—

		Period			Percentage of Adults who died leaving Estates which went through the Probate Office,
					Yearly Average.
1879-83					2 2 ·6
1884-88					25 · 9
1889-93					30 · 3
1894-98					33.3
1899 -1903					36 7
1904-1908			•••	• • • • • •	37.5
1909-1913					37.9
1914	•••	•••	•••	•••	37.1
1915	• • • •	• • •	•••	•••	36.7
1916	•••	***		•••	37.6
1917	•••	•••	•••		39 1
1918	•••	•••		•••	39.7
1919			•••	•••	39.4

ROYAL MINT.

Royal Mint returns.

The Melbourne branch of the Royal Mint was established in 1872, the date of opening being the 12th June. The following table shows for the period 1872 to 1915 and for each of the last four years the quantity of gold received at the Mint, where the same was raised, and its coining value; also the gold coin and bullion issued during the same periods:—

GOLD RECEIVED AND ISSUED AT ROYAL MINT, 1872 TO 1919.

Gold Received.	1872 to 1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
Gross Weight. Raised in Victoria oz. , New Zealand ,, , Western Aus ,,	27,088,669 3,811,749 2,915,358	271,059 5,560 12,137	229,047	173,362 6,636 6,322	$155,079 \\ 2 \\ 5,422$
tralia ,, elsewhere	2,822,449		66,272	1	47,053
Total ,,	36,638,225	364,849	297,046	1,492,670	207,556
Coinage Value £	144,179,433	1,364,164	1,084,622	5,618,877	738,578
Gold Issued.					
Coin— Sovereigns No. Half-Sovereigns ,, Bullion—Quantity oz. ,, Value £	132,605,388 1,893,559 2,544,315 10,630,743		934,469' 38,477 149,821	4,969,493 161,817 630,074	514,257 61,598 239,848
Total value, Coin and Bullion	144,182,910	1,365,704	1,084,290	5,599,567	754,105

Since the opening of the Mint 39,000,346 ounces of gold have been received thereat, the coinage value, at £3 17s. 10 d. per ounce standard, being £152,985,674, thus averaging £3 18s. 6d. per ounce gross. the total quantity of gold received at the Mint, 27,917,216 ounces were raised in Victoria, 3,823,947 ounces in New Zealand, 2,940,966 ounces in Western Australia and 1.304.033 ounces in Tasmania. The number of deposits received during 1919 was 1,202, of a gross weight of 207,556 ounces. The average composition of these deposits was gold 837.7, silver 107.7, and base 54.6 in every 1,000 parts. The average value of Victorian gold received at the Mint during the year 1919 was £3 18s.5d. per ounce gross, £3 18s. 3d. being the value of the gold and 2d, the value of the silver contained therein. output of the Mint since its establishment has consisted of 140,297,250 sovereigns, 1,893,559 half-sovereigns, and 2,829,621 ounces of gold bullion; the total value of coin and bullion being £152,986,576.

The coinages of silver and bronze pence for the requirements of the Commonwealth Treasury were begun on 10th January, 1916, and 6th June, 1919, respectively. The number of pennies issued by the Mint during the year 1919 was 5,808,960. In the following table particulars of the issue of silver coins are shown for each of the last four years:—

COINAGE OF SILVER AT ROYAL MINT, 1916 TO 1919.

Dane	mination		Number of Pieces Issued.						
Deno			, 1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.			
•	2s.		2,752,000	4,305,000	2,095,000	1,677,000			
	ls.		5,138,000	5,274,000	3,762,000	••			
	6d.		1,764,000	1,632,000	916,000	1,520,000			
	3d.	• •	1,910,000	3,808,000	3,118,000	3,200,000			
Total Pie	ces		11,564,000	15,019,000	9,891,000	6,397,000			
Value			£600,075	£782,600	£459,475	£245,700			

BANKING.

Commonwealth By Act No. 18 of 1911 the Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia. Wealth established a Commonwealth Bank, with power (a) to carry on the general business of banking; (b) to acquire and hold land on any tenure; (c) to receive money on deposit; (d) to make advances by way of loan, overdraft, or otherwise; (e) to discount bills and drafts; (f) to issue bills and drafts, and grantletters of credit; (g) to deal in exchanges, specie, bullion, gold-dust, assayed gold, and precious metals; (h) to borrow money; and (i) to do anything incidental to any of its powers. The authorized capital of the bank, which was to be raised by the issue and sale of debentures, was originally fixed at £1,000,000. This amount was increased to £10,000,000 by Act No. 24 of 1914, but up to the present no debentures

have been issued. The appointment of the Governor of the bank dates from 1st June, 1912, and the original Act came into operation by proclamation on the 15th of the following month. The Savings Bank department of the bank commenced business on the latter date, and the general banking department on 20th January, 1913.

The Head Office of the Bank is located in Sydney, and it has twenty-nine Branches established throughout the various States of the Commonwealth, two in London, and one at Rabaul (New

Britain).

Savings Bank Departments are conducted at all Branches and at 2,802 Post Offices in the Commonwealth, Papua, New Britain, Solomon Islands, and other islands of the Pacific.

The Commonwealth Bank acts as banker to the Commonwealth Government and to the State Governments of Tasmania, South

Australia, and Western Australia.

The liabilities and assets of the Commonwealth Bank within the State, at 31st December in each of the last five years, were as follows:—

LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE COMMONWEALTH BANK IN THE STATE OF VICTORIA, 1915 TO 1919.

	•	Dec	ember Quarter	-	
	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
¥ 1. 1.11/4.	£	£	£	£	£
Liabilities— Bills in circulation	6,303	11,108	22,310	62,864	48,323
Balances due to other banks	22	530	259	39	739
Deposits not bearing interest Deposits bearing in-	2,497,206	7,086,954	6,957,568	13,342,676	6,091,042
terest Savings Bank deposits	386,294 2,012,082	1,596,091 2,458,393	1,480,272 3,081,122	1,721,479 3,543,470	1,567,025 4,243,129
Total	4,901,907	11,153,076	11,541,531	18,670,528	11,950,258
Assets—					
Coin and bullion Australian notes	255,572 888,345	277,055 5,210,849	261,766 3,981,664	257,571 6,948,088	290,231 2,501,072
Government and Municipal securities Landed property	2,518,100	2,977,930	3,239,974	3,806,831	3,792,478 90,308
Notes and bills of other banks	160,244	310,690	313,229	313,442	323,273
Balances due from other banks Advances	1,253,446 323,564	665,063 1,480,079	644,708 1,246,666	1,235,839 2,307,896	567,496 2,012,967
Total	5,399,271	10,921,666	9,688,007	14,869,667	9,577,825

Victorian banking.

Including the Commonwealth Bank of Australia, there were on the 31st December, 1919, sixteen institutions, comprising 734 branches or agencies, engaged in the ordinary business of banking in Victoria.

The following return shows the assets and liabilities within Victoria of all the banks (including the foregoing figures of the Commonwealth Bank) and the capital and profits of these banks, excluding the Commonwealth Bank, at 31st December in each of the years 1915 to 1919. The particulars of the Commonwealth Bank include the balances of the Savings Bank department of that institution, as it issues one general statement only of assets and liabilities.

VICTORIAN BANKING RETURNS, 1915 TO 1919.

· <u>-</u>	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
LIABILITIES WITHIN					
VICTORIA.	£	£	£	£	£
Deposits bearing in- terest ¹	32,859,239	,	35,665,492	40,107,372	41,533,941
Deposits not bearing interest	21,180,863	25,563,798	28,377,165	36,283,131	36,984,246
Notes in circulation	103,568	98,934	96,454	94,756	93,621
Other	1,669,565	893,867	1,190,561	1,811,673	1,417,153
Total	55,813,235	60,195,632	65,329,672	78,296,932	80,028,961
Assets WITHIN VICTORIA.					
Coin, Bullion, &c	6,713,122	5,826,880	5,220,667	5,176,696	5,185,730
Australian Notes	7,909,446	9,271,347	10,263,291	11,852,478	11,031,512
Debts due to Banks2	41,245,334		40,993,959	54,102,886	50,983,836
Property	1,506,553	1,485,616	1,464,606	1,436,703	1,436,559
Other	2,074,952		1,795,005	2,920,329	2,265,601
Total	59,449,407	63,435,125	59,737,528	75,489,092	70,903,238
CAPITAL AND PROFITS.					
Capital stock paid up		26,519,044	27,006,166	27,013,981	28,155,048
Reserved Profits (ex Dividend)	13,728,553	14,273,516	14,900,521	15,695,567	16,589,381
Last Dividend-					
Amount	1,280,0604	1,310,6723	1,405,2813	1,423,088	1,553,93 1
Average rate per cent. per annum	8.17	7.98	8.25	8.51	8.86

¹ Including perpetual inscribed stocks, which in 1919 amounted to £1,064,687, also Commonwealth Savings Bank deposits.—² Including notes, bills of exchange, municipal securities, and all stock and funded debts of every description, but excluding notes, bills, and balances due to the banks from other banks.—³ Half-yearly dividend in the case of eleven banks and quarterly dividend in the case of one bank.—⁴ Half-yearly dividend in the case of ten banks and quarterly dividend in the case of ten banks and quarterly dividend in the case of ten banks and quarterly dividend in the case of ten banks and quarterly dividend in the case of two banks.

The Victorian liabilities of the banks to other than shareholders in 1919 were £1,732,029 in excess of the liabilities in 1918, and were in excess of the liabilities at the close of the years 1917, 1916, and 1915 by £14,699,289, £19,833,329, and £24,215,726 respectively.

During the interval 1915–1919 the Victorian assets increased by £11,453,831. There have been considerable fluctuations in the relation of assets to liabilities. The assets were in excess to the extent of £3,636,172 in 1915, and £3,239,493 in 1916, but the liabilities exceeded the assets by £5,592,144 in 1917, £2,807,840 in 1918, and £9,125,723 in 1919. The excess of liabilities in the last mentioned years is accounted for by the unusual financial operations due to the war and by the fact that the figures given above represent only the assets and liabilities within the State.

Shareholders' capital, which represents the capital of the shareholders without as well as within Victoria, amounted to 28 millions at 31st December, 1919. The reserves at the end of 1919 exceeded those of the previous year by £893,814 and amounted to about 59 per cent. of the paid-up capital.

Deposits in and advances by banks.

The principal item in each case of the liabilities and assets of the banks is shown for a series of years in the next statement.

DEPOSITS IN AND ADVANCES BY BANKS, 1910 TO 1919.

(Average of the last quarter of each year.)

		Deposits.		Advances	Excess of
Year.	Bearing Interest.	Not bearing Interest.	Total.	(including Government and Municipal Securities).	Deposits ove Advances.
	£	£	£	£	£
1910	27,383,254	15,805,721	43,188,975	35,868,709	7,320,266
1911	29,825,861	17,659,739	47,485,600	38,024,328	9,461,272
1912	30,316,863	16,941,185	47,258,048	38,538,647	8,719,401
1913	31,582,236	17,103,885	48,686,121	37,242,982	11,443,139
1914 1915	32,668,387	18,228,149	50,896,536	38,267,480	12,629,050
1916	32,859,239	21,180,863	54,040,102	41,245,334	12,794,76
1917	33,639,033 35,665,492	25,563,798	59,202,831	45,141,466 40,993,959	14.061,365
918	40,107,372	28,377,165 $36,283,131$	64,042,657 76,390,503	54,102,886	23,048,699 22,287,617
1919	41,533,941	36,984,246	78,518,187	50,983,836	27,534,35

The Victorian advances of the ordinary banks showed an increase of £8,082,774 during the past five years, and those of the Commonwealth Bank (including Government and municipal securities) an increase of £4,633,582. As compared with five years ago, deposits in the ordinary banks have increased by £18,153,054 and those of the Commonwealth Bank (including Savings Bank deposits) by £9,468,597. The proportion of deposits to liabilities to the public was about 98 per cent. in each of the last eight years.

The average rates of exchange for bank bills in 1919 and in the first year of each of the two preceding five-year periods are given below. The bills drawn on London are payable at 60 days' sight, and those drawn on Australian States and New Zealand on demand.

RATES OF EXCHANGE, 1909, 1914, AND 1919.

	Average Rates of Exchange.							
Places on which Bills were Drawn.	1909.	1914,	1919.					
London	6d. per cent. premium to 6d. per cent. discount	5s. to 10s. per cent. discount	7s. 6d. per cent. discount					
New South Wales	2s. 6d. to 5s. per cent. premium	3s. 9d. to 5s. per cent. premium	2s. 6d. to 5s. per cent. premium					
Queensland	5s. to 15s. per cent. premium	5s. to 10s. per cent. premium	5s. to 10s. per cent. premium					
South Australia	2s. 6d. to 5s. per cent. premium	3s. 9d. to 5s. per cent. premium	2s. 6d. to 5s. per cent. premium					
Western Australia	10s. to 15s. per cent. premium	8s. 9d. to 10s. per cent. premium	7s. 6d. to 10s. per cent. premium					
Tasmania	5s. per cent. premium	3s. 9d. to 5s. per cent. premium	2s. 6d. to 5s. per cent. premium					
New Zealand	7s. 6d. to 10s. per cent. premium	7s. 6d. to 10s. per cent. premium	5s. to 10s. per cent.					

Rates of discount. The average rate of discount on local bills in the same years is given in the next statement and shows but slight variation.

RATES OF DISCOUNT ON LOCAL BILLS, 1909, 1914, AND 1919.

		Average Rate of Discount per annum.						ım,		
Cui		1909			1914.		1919.			
				per	cent		per	cent.	per	cent.
Under 65	$_{ m days}$	•••		41/2	to 6	3	5	to 61/2	5	to 61
65 to 95	,,		•••	5	to 6	3	5	to 6½	5	to 7
95 to 125	,,			5	to ?	7	5 1	to 7	$5rac{1}{2}$	to 7
Over 125	٠,,			5	to 7	7	6	to 7	5 1	to 7

Rates of interest.

The succeeding statement shows the range for ten years of the average rates of interest per annum paid by the ordinary banks to depositors for twelve months:—

		Year.	Average rate of Interest per cent.				
•	:				11. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1.		
910	•••	•••	. •••	•••		3	
911	•••	•••			2.72	to	3
912					3	to	4
913				•••.	$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4
914	•				$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4
915		• •••			$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4
916	• •••	•••	•••		$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4
917			•••			4	
.918		,***	•••			4	
919			•••		4	to	$4\frac{1}{2}$

NOTE.—The average rate of interest paid by the Commonwealth Bank was 3 per cent.

An analysis of the banks' liabilities and assets within the State for the years 1909, 1914, and 1919 gives the following results:—

For every £100 of assets liabilities were	the $\begin{cases} £93.06 \text{ in} & \dots & \dots \\ £99.66 & \dots & \dots \\ £112.87 & \dots & \dots & \dots \end{cases}$	1909 1914 1919
Coin and bullion* formed	$ \begin{array}{c} 19.32 \ \text{per cent. of the assets in} \\ 20.93 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	1909 1914 1919
Of the moneys deposited	64·74 per cent. bore interest in 64·19 ,, ,, ,, ,,	1909 1914 1919

^{*} Including Australian notes in 1914 and 1919

Melbourne Clearing House, The following table contains particulars in regard to the clearances through the Melbourne Clearing House for the seven years 1913 to 1919:—

MELBOURNE CLEARING HOUSE TRANSACTIONS, 1913 TO 1919.

		Clear	cances.		
Year.		By exchange of Cheques, Bills, &c.	By payments in Coin and Australian Notes, &c.	Average Weekly Clearances.	
913		£ 297,256,000	£ 34,681,000	£ 5,716,500	
1914		299,668,000	36,669,000	5,762,800	
915		299,295,000	37,524,000	5,755,700	
1916		357,788,000	48,441,000	6,880,500	
1917		377,301,000	56,120,000	7,255,800	
1918	• •	493,769,000	97,305,000	9,548,400	
1919		544,211,000	98,466,000	10,465,600	

In this table the two sides of the clearance are considered as one transaction. The amount passed through the Melbourne Clearing House in 1919 was greater than in any previous year. The next highest amount was in 1918, when the aggregate of the clearances by cheques, bills, &c., was £493,769,000.

The Savings Banks of Victoria comprised the Post Office and Commissioners' Banks up to 30th September, 1897, on which date these two banks were amalgamated and became one institution, now known as the State Savings Bank. The subjoined table shows the number of depositors and the amount remaining on deposit at various dates since the year 1875. On 15th July, 1912, the Savings Bank Department of the Commonwealth Bank commenced operations, but particulars relating thereto are not included in this table. Particulars of depositors and deposits

in the Savings Bank Deposit Stock, and in the Penny Bank Department of the State Savings Bank, are also excluded.

VICTORIAN SAVINGS BANKS: DEPOSITORS AND DEPOSITS, 1875 TO 1919.

	Number of	Depositors.	Amount remaining on Deposit.			
On 30th June.	Total.	Per 1,000 of Population.	Total.	Average per Depositor.		
			£	£sa		
1875	65,837	81	1,469,849	22 6 6		
1880	92,115	108	1,661,409	18 0 9		
1885	170,014	174	3,337,018	19 12 7		
1890	281,509	252	5,262,105	18 13 10		
1895	338,480	286	7,316,129	21 12 3		
1900	375,070	314	9,110,793	24 5 9		
1905	447,382	369	10,896,741	24 7 2		
1910	560,515	429	15,417,887	27 10 2		
1915	721,936	506	24,874,811	34 9 1		
1916	746,597	531	26,143,908	35 0 4		
1917	780,139	556	28,344,042	36 6 8		
1918	813,031	574	30,756,929	37 16 7		
1919	850,486	577	34,104,110	40 2 0		

These returns are good evidence of a growing habit of thrift, as well as of a wide diffusion of wealth amongst the middle and poorer classes in Victoria, as the number of depositors in proportion to population in 1919 represents an increase of 84 per cent. since 1900, and of 34 per cent. since 1910. On 30th June, 1919, fifty-eight persons out of every hundred in the State (including children under 15 years of age who represent 30 per cent. of the population) were depositors with a balance, on the average, of £40 2s. The figures given in the above table include each year a large number of inoperative accounts, that is to say, of small sums under £1 which the depositors had ceased to operate upon. On 30th June, 1919, these inoperative accounts numbered 192,314, and, omitting these, the balance of 658,172 accounts averaged £51 15s. 6d. each, as compared with an average of £48 17s. 1d. in the previous year.

The deposits for 1918-19, including interest allowed to depositors, amounted to £31,412,912, and the repayments for that year to

£28,065,731.

The State Savings Bank on 30th June, 1919, had 862,504 depositors with £34,511,566 to their credit, of whom 12,018 depositors in the Penny Bank Department with £7,638 to their credit have been excluded from the preceding table, a sum of £399,818 in the Savings Bank Deposit Stock account being also excluded. The rate of interest allowed to depositors in this Bank during 1918-19 was 3\frac{3}{4} per cent. on all sums from £1 to £350. Depositors were allowed, however, to place an additional sum, not exceeding £1,000, in Deposit Stock account, which is a form of fixed deposit, withdrawable at short notice—ten days for each £10, three months for each £100, or a maximum

notice of two years for £1,000. Interest was allowed on this stock at the same rate as on ordinary deposits, viz.:— $3\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. Of the amount (£34,104,110) on ordinary current account deposit in the State Bank on 30th June, 1919, about 27 per cent. belonged to depositors with accounts up to £100 each, 52 per cent. to those with accounts over £100 and up to £350, and 21 per cent. to those with accounts over £350. The aggregate of the excess over £350—the amount on deposit for which interest was not allowed—was £1,192,060 on 30th June, 1919.

The next statement shows the assets and liabilities of the State-Savings Bank as at 30th June, 1919, the former indicating the manner in which deposits are invested or held:—

STATE SAVINGS BANK, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, 30TH JUNE, 1919.

	As	sets.				£
With Treasurer of Victoria	Certific	ate rep	resenting	Pos	t Office	
Savings Bank Deposits take	n over 30	th Sept	ember, 18	97		233,683
Government Debentures, Stoc.	k and Bo	nds				17,764,831
Bank Fixed Deposit Receipts						6,070,655
Crédit Foncier Debentures						3,072,045
Municipal Debentures						2,783,162
Commonwealth Inscribed Stoc	k (War]	loan an	d War Sa	vings	Certifi-	,,
cates)	••					1,344,749
Mortgage Securities						1,569,770
Accrued Interest, &c., on Inve	stments					454,243
Bank premises						390,000
Current Accounts and Deposit	s with Ba	nkers				1,172,837
Cash at Head Office, Branches	, Agencie	es, and i	n transit			640,568
Other Assets						40,201
m .						207 20 11
Tot	al			•••	••	£35,536,744
Tot	al <i>Liabi</i>	 lities.		••	•.•	£35,536,744
	Liabi		••	••	• •	
Depositors' balances, with Inte	Liabi	ate		••	•.•	34,511,566
Depositors' balances, with Inte	Liabi erest to d	ate			•	34,511,566 326,150
Depositors' balances, with Inte Tramway Board's deposits Other liabilities	Liabi erest to d	ate				34,511,566
Depositors' balances, with Inte Tramway Board's deposits Other liabilities Surplus Funds allotted as follo	Liabi	ate 				34,511,566 326,150
Depositors' balances, with Inte Tramway Board's deposits Other liabilities Surplus Funds allotted as follo Reserve Fund	Liabi	ate			£500,000	34,511,566 326,150
Depositors' balances, with Interaction Tramway Board's deposits Other liabilities Surplus Funds allotted as followed Reserve Fund Depreciation Fund	Liabi	ate 			£500,000 5,797	34,511,566 326,150
Depositors' balances, with Inter Tramway Board's deposits Other liabilities Surplus Funds allotted as follor Reserve Fund Depreciation Fund Fidelity Guarantee Fund	Liabi	ate 			£500,000 5,797 12,721	34,511,566 326,150
Depositors' balances, with Interaction Tramway Board's deposits Other liabilities Surplus Funds allotted as followed Reserve Fund Depreciation Fund	Liabi	ate 			£500,000 5,797	34,511,566 326,150
Depositors' balances, with Inter Tramway Board's deposits Other liabilities Surplus Funds allotted as follor Reserve Fund Depreciation Fund Fidelity Guarantee Fund	Liabi	ate 			£500,000 5,797 12,721	34,511,566 326,150

The cash and bank deposits, with accrued interest thereon, amounted to nearly eight million pounds, or 22½ per cent. of the total funds, which amount is readily available, if required.

State Savings
Bank—
Advances
department
In 1896 for the purpose of making advances on farm
properties in sums ranging from £50 to £2,000, and in 1910, under the
authority of Act No. 2280, the system was extended to house and

shop securities in sums of from £50 to £1,000. Funds for the purpose were obtained at the initiation of the system by the sale of mortgage bonds redeemable by half-yearly ballots; but since 1901 by the sale of debentures in denominations of £100 and over, redeemable at fixed dates not more than twenty years from date of issue. The Savings Banks Act 1915 gives power to substitute stock for debentures on the application of any debenture-holder or any person offering to purchase debentures. The balance of debentures and stock current on 30th June, 1919, amounted to £4,792,150. Of this £1,649,550 is held by the public, and the balance by the Commissioners themselves in respect of money invested out of Savings Bank funds. The sum advanced during the year 1918-19 was £679,165, making with the amounts previously advanced a total of £8,219,197, of which £3,489,025 had been repaid by 30th June, 1919, leaving outstanding on that date an amount of £4,730,172 representing 3,872 loans to farmers for £1,949,023, which thus averaged £503; and 10,293 loans to owners of houses or shops for a total of £2,781,149, or an average per borrower of £270. The Bank has assisted many discharged soldiers and their dependents to purchase or erect dwellings, by advancing three-fourths of valuations, which, added to the assistance given by the Repatriation Board, has made it possible for them to secure homes at a small outlay and under easy terms of repayment. These advances have been made in accordance with the "Crédit Foncier" conditions set forth in section 37 of the Discharged Soldiers Settlement Act 1917. As a measure of the safety with which the advances department has been conducted, it may be mentioned that the instalments of principal in arrear amounted on 30th June, 1919, to £1.590, and the interest in arrear to £3.121. The transactions in this department are shown below:—

STATE SAVINGS BANK—TRANSACTIONS IN ADVANCES DEPARTMENT.

<u> </u>			At 30th June, 1918.	During 1918-19.	At 30th June, 1919.	
Loans raised ,, repaid outstanding			£ £	8,159,450 3,521,300 4,638,150	1,253,400 1,099,400	9,412,850 4,620,700 4,792,150
Pastoral or Agric		rope r	ty.	18,175	515	18,690
	amount		£	9,600,290	377,780	9,978,070
Applications granted			No.	11,064	309	11,373
,, ,,	amount	•••	£	5,308,105	196,430	5,504,535
Amount advanced			£	4,204,542	133,000	4,337,542
,, repaid			£	2,248,812	139,707	2,388,519
" outstanding	•••	•••	£	1,955,730		1,949,023

^{*} Including £794,790 offered to, but not accepted by, 1,422 applicants.

STATE SAVINGS BANK—TRANSACTIONS IN ADVANCES DEPARTMENT— continued.

· ——		At 30th June, 1918.	During 1918-19.	At 30th June, 1919.
Applications granted	No. £ No. £	16,779 5,180,105 13,088 3,800,712	2,165 755,625 1,930 640,270	18,944 5,935,730 15,018† 4,440,982†
" repaid	£	3,335,490 789,904 2,545,586	546,165 310,602	3,881,655 1,100,506 2,781,149

[†] Including £358,247 offered to, but not accepted by, 1,203 applicants.

The profit for the year in the advances department was £10,839 on ordinary funds, and £5,777 on reserve fund investments, making a total profit of £16,616. This amount will be transferred to reserve fund, and will make the total of that fund £172,964, which is held, in accordance with Act No. 2729, for the purpose of meeting any loss or deficiency which may occur in the department.

As already stated the Savings Bank department of the Savings Bank. Commonwealth Bank commenced business on 15th July, 1912. At 31st December, 1919, it had in Victoria 111,588 depositors with £4,303,285 at credit, which amount is included in the general deposits of the bank.

PRICES, ETC., OF GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

An adequate idea may be formed of the general course of prices of Victorian stocks in London during twenty and a half years by selecting one of the leading 4 per cent. and one of the leading 3½ per cent. stocks, and finding the highest prices quoted in 1895 and each subsequent year to the end of July, 1914. Shortly after that date business in the London Stock Exchange was suspended until the end of the year on account of the outbreak of war, and consequently there were no official quotations. The prices quoted for sales in 1915, 1916, and 1917 are, on account of the disturbed conditions which existed, of no service for the purpose of ordinary comparison, but they are of interest as showing the value of Victorian securities in those years. The highest prices quoted on the London Stock Exchange in the years mentioned, and in 1918 and

1919, are given in the following table, together with the equivalent returns to the investor:—

PRICES OF VICTORIAN REPRESENTATIVE STOCKS IN LONDON, 1895 TO 1919.

Year,				ces quoted on xchange.	Minimum Return to Investor.		
			4 per cents. (due 1920).	$3\frac{1}{2}$ per cents. (due 1923).	4 per cents.	3½ per cents	
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1895				1111	1053	390	3 6 1
1896				$116\frac{7}{8}$	1091	3 2 7	3 1 6
1897				115	108	3 4 0	3 2 7
1898				$113\frac{3}{4}$	107≸	3 5 1	3 3 6
1899				114	107≩	3 4 5	3 2 10
1900				1113	1052	3 6 8	3 5 0
1901				$112\frac{7}{5}$	106	3 5 3	3 4 1
1902			•••	1121	1043	3 5 3	3 6 0
1903				107	1013	3 11 2	3 10 0
1904		•••		107	983	3 11 10	3 14 5
1905				107	1003	3 11 6	3 11 6
1906			•••	105≨	. 1013	3 13 4	3 10 7
1907	,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	105	100%	3 14 2	3 11 8
1908			•••	105%	1014	3 12 1	3 10 5
1909	•••			1043	1001	3 13 11	3 12 9
1910	•••			1033	991	3 15 9	3 14 5
1911				103	991	3 15 5	3 14 9
1912	•••	••	•••	102	971	3 17 10	3 19 9
1913		••	•••	1013	$94\frac{7}{8}$	4 0 10	4 7 8
	o 30th Ju	ılv\		102	981	3 17 8	3 18 9
1915		·-J /···	•••	991	$95\frac{1}{2}$	4 11 5	4 9 2
1916	•••	•••	•••	96	91§	5 15 0	5 7 4
1917		•••	• • • •	961	89 1	6 3 8	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
1917	•••	•••	• • •	99 1	93 <u>3</u>	5 10 0	5 8 3
1918	•••	•••	• • • •	99 11	934	6 6 3	5 17 1

The 4 per cent. stock referred to above was in the latest year within one year of redemption, but it is considered that the price for that year may still be taken as an index of the value placed on Victorian stocks in London. The highest price quoted in 1919 for four per cent. Victorian Stock due between 1940 and 1960 was $84\frac{1}{2}$, which gives a minimum return of £5 0s. 4d. per cent, to the investor.

The minimum return to the investor is calculated after allowing for accrued interest and redemption at par at maturity.

Prices of Australasian stocks in London during a period of twenty-five and a half years. The stocks selected are representative issues of 4 and $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cents.:—

MEAN PRICES OF AUSTRALASIAN STOCKS IN LONDON, 1894, 1897, 1900, 1902, AND 1904 TO 1919.

Yea	r.	Victoria.	New South Wales.	Queens-,	South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.	New Zealand
			Four	PER CEN	rts. Rede	EMABLE :	IN	
		1920.	1933.	1915.	1917–36.	1934.	1920–40.	1929.
1894		1031	1073	1053	1053	1081		1075
1897		113	1205	$113\frac{1}{2}$	$112\frac{7}{8}$	$121\frac{7}{8}$		1145
1900		$109\frac{1}{8}$	$114\frac{3}{4}$	$108\frac{7}{2}$	1087	1151	1101	111 <u>ន</u> ឹ
1902		$108\frac{7}{8}$	1125	$105\frac{7}{4}$	1057	$112\frac{3}{4}$	110	111 <u>ន</u> ឹ
1904		1045	1071	$102\frac{3}{4}$	$101\frac{1}{8}$	107흫	1051	106
905		$105\frac{1}{8}$	1078	$103\frac{\hat{3}}{4}$	$103\frac{1}{4}$	1075	$106\frac{1}{4}$	$107\frac{3}{4}$
L906		1033	1088	$102\frac{7}{8}$	$102\frac{5}{8}$	$108\frac{3}{8}$	$105\frac{5}{8}$	107\$
907		$102\frac{1}{2}$	1063	1015	$101\frac{3}{4}$	$107\frac{3}{8}$	104 §	106
1908		$103\frac{7}{8}$	107%	102홓	$102\frac{7}{8}$	1073	$104\frac{7}{8}$	107홍
909		$103\frac{1}{8}$	1073	$102\frac{1}{4}$	1021	$107\frac{5}{8}$	$103\frac{3}{4}$	106j
1910		$102\frac{3}{8}$	1055	$101\frac{7}{8}$	$102\frac{1}{8}$	1003	$102\frac{5}{8}$	$104\frac{7}{8}$
1911		1028	1054	$101\frac{1}{4}$	1013	$106\frac{1}{4}$	$103\frac{5}{8}$	$104\frac{3}{2}$
1912		1013	103흏	1003	101	1041	$101\frac{1}{4}$	$102\frac{1}{2}$
1913		$99\frac{13}{16}$	100 16	$99\frac{13}{16}$	$99\frac{1}{16}$	$99\frac{13}{16}$	$98\frac{13}{16}$	99
1914*		$100\frac{9}{16}$	1001	$100\frac{1}{2}$	100	993	985	$100_{\frac{9}{10}}$
915		$96\frac{1}{4}^{1}$	$97\frac{\tilde{1}}{4}$	$97\frac{3}{16}$ †		$97\frac{1}{4}$	$96\frac{1}{4}$	97 -
1916		$94\frac{1}{8}$	$88\frac{1}{8}$	901 †	- IO :	$83\frac{1}{8}$	$96\frac{1}{4}$ $81\frac{7}{8}$	$89\frac{3}{8}$
1917	• • •	$94\frac{1}{8}$	81	$88\frac{7}{16}$ †	8887	807	$75\frac{7}{8}$	837
1918		$96\frac{7}{8}$	841	91 操†	921+	825	$81\frac{1}{4}$	87 7
1919		$98\frac{11}{32}$	831	$92\frac{1}{4}$	$92\frac{1}{2}$ †	$83\frac{5}{8}$	81	861

THREE AND A HALF PER CENTS. REDEEMABLE IN-

	1							
		1923.	1924.	1924.	1939.	1915-35.	1920-40.	1940.
1894		$95\frac{3}{4}$	991	951	973		965	997
1897		1061	$109\frac{5}{8}$	106\$	1115	l	108∦ [$107\frac{7}{8}$
1900	:. }	$103\frac{3}{8}$	105	1031	105§	$102\frac{1}{4}$	1027	105
1902		102ម្នី	1031	$101\frac{5}{8}$	103รู้	100≩	103 🖁	1053
1904		$96\frac{3}{4}$	$97\frac{5}{2}$	$96\frac{1}{8}$	$98\frac{5}{8}$	$95\frac{7}{8}$	98	991
1905		$98\frac{7}{4}$	99 3	98 <u>ž</u>	99	97 1	993	$98\frac{?}{8}$
1906		100	1005	998	1007	99	987	100i
1907		98}	99 š	$97\frac{1}{2}$	99°	965	$97\frac{1}{2}$	991
1908		$99\frac{7}{2}$	1003	$98\frac{5}{8}$	993	981	$98\frac{5}{4}$	$99\frac{5}{8}$
1909		$98\frac{1}{2}$	991	$97\frac{3}{4}$	$98\frac{5}{8}$	$98\frac{1}{4}$	$98\frac{7}{4}$	$98\frac{1}{2}$
1910		$97\frac{5}{4}$	983	$97\frac{7}{8}$	$98\frac{3}{8}$	$97\frac{1}{2}$	981	$96\frac{5}{8}$
1911		97 🖁	981	97 §	$97\frac{5}{4}$	967	$97\frac{1}{4}$	$96\overset{\circ}{k}$
1912	• • •	$95\frac{5}{8}$	$96\frac{7}{4}$	95	$95\frac{1}{4}$	93 <u>š</u>	$93\frac{1}{4}$	$94\degree$
1913		$93\frac{7}{16}$	945	933	$90\frac{7}{2}$	89 <u>3</u>	88 13 18	89 13
1914*		$95\frac{7}{8}$.	96	$94\frac{15}{16}$	$90\frac{3}{4}$	91	$89\frac{16}{16}$	897
1915		933	92	$92\frac{7}{8}$	$87\frac{7}{4}$	$88\frac{1}{2}$	873	853
1916	1	$88\frac{1}{16}$	873	$87\frac{7}{16}$	$73\frac{3}{8}$	73 11	$76\frac{2}{8}$	$76\frac{3}{16}$
1917		865	85 <u>å</u>	88	71 ~	$72\frac{1}{4}^{10}$	711	$71\frac{3}{4}^{6}$
1918	[90%	89 <u>1</u>	91	$75\frac{5}{16}$	$76\frac{3}{16}$	74 9 16	753
1919		$90\frac{7}{8}$	89 🖁	89 👯	$73\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$	$76\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$	731	$73\frac{9}{16}$

* To 30th July.

† Due in 1924.

The year 1897 marked the climax of a series of rapid rises in the prices of all the stocks quoted, but in 1898 prices began to recede

and this process continued until 1904. In 1905 and 1906 hardened generally, but in 1907 a fall took place; in 1908 a partial recovery was made which, however, was not sustained, as during the next three years prices receded gradually, and in 1912 and 1913 they dropped considerably. There was a slight improvement in 1914, and, though the prices in the last five years were lower than those in any of the years referred to, they must, under the exceptional circumstances of the time, be regarded as satisfactory. The figures. as they stand, do not afford an indication of the real values of the stocks concerned; the table simply shows the mean between the highest and lowest prices for the year.

The best method of comparing the values of stocks Investors' over a series of years, or of comparing the values placed return from Australasian upon the stocks of different States by investors, is to show stocks. the actual or effective rate of interest the investor is satisfied with, as evidenced by the mean between the highest and lowest quotations during the year. This is done in the following table, allowance being made for an average of three months' accrued interest, which is deducted from the market price before the computation is made. In computing the yield to the investor the gain or loss incurred by redemption at par at maturity is taken into account:—

INVESTORS' INTEREST RETURN FROM AUSTRALASIAN STOCKS, 1894, 1897, 1900, 1902, AND 1904 TO 1919.

Year.	Victoria.	New South Wales.	Queens- land.	South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.	New Zealand.				
		FOUR PER CENTS.									
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.				
1894 1897 1900 1902 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	£ s. d. 3 17 2 3 5 1 3 8 8 3 8 4 3 14 0 3 12 11 3 14 11 3 17 0 3 14 1 3 15 4 3 16 8 3 16 4 3 18 11 4 4 0 4 1 8 5 2 2 6 0 6	\$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	£ s. d. 3 13 10 3 2 2 3 7 6 3 11 10 3 16 2 3 13 5 3 15 1 3 18 2 3 15 4 3 17 3 3 18 8 4 1 10 4 12 9 4 10 5 4 10 6	\$\frac{s}{s}\$, \$\frac{d}{s}\$ 13 9 3 4 1 3 7 10 3 11 8 3 19 9 3 15 4 3 16 5 3 18 2 3 15 1 3 16 4 3 16 4 3 18 7 4 0 0 4 10 9 4 7 3 5 14 9 5 16 9	£ s. d. 3 13 0 3 1 3 3 6 2 3 8 0 3 13 0 3 12 8 3 11 8 3 12 10 3 12 5 3 11 10 3 13 2 3 13 1 3 15 7 4 1 8 4 1 10 4 5 10 5 13 1	£ s. d. 3 7 0 3 6 9 3 13 2 3 11 1 3 11 8 3 13 0 3 12 1 3 14 0 3 16 1 3 13 2 3 19 3 4 7 5 4 9 3 5 9 8	\$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc				
1917 1918 1919	$ \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 12 & 10 \\ 6 & 12 & 10 \\ 6 & 5 & 6 \\ 6 & 13 & 2 \end{vmatrix} $	5 3 7 6 1 1 5 15 4 5 19 9	5 14 3 6 7 2 5 18 4 6 2 8	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 16 & 9 \\ 6 & 7 & 6 \\ 5 & 16 & 5 \\ 6 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 13 & 1 \\ 5 & 19 & 7 \\ 5 & 17 & 3 \\ 5 & 16 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 9 & 6 \\ 6 & 2 & 5 \\ 5 & 12 & 6 \\ 5 & 14 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	6 2 9 5 15 1 6 1 0				

INVESTORS' INTEREST RETURN FROM AUSTRALASIAN STOCKS, 1894, 1897, 1900, 1902, AND 1904 TO 1919—continued.

		New South Wales.	Queens- land.	South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.	New Zealand.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		THREE AN	D HALF PI	ER CENTS.		
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent
94 97 00 02 04 05 06 07 08 09 11 112 113 114	£ s. d. 3 15 11 3 3 11 3 6 10 3 7 10 3 16 0 3 14 0 3 11 5 3 14 5 3 16 2 4 12 2 4 3 9 4 13 3 5 17 6 6 11 10	£ s. d. 3 11 11 3 0 6 3 5 0 3 6 8 3 14 10 3 11 8 3 10 2 3 10 10 3 13 2 3 14 8 3 14 8 3 19 11 4 4 7 4 2 3 4 15 3 5 14 9 6 7 8	£ s. d. 3 16 4 3 3 7 3 6 10 3 9 0 3 16 10 3 13 10 3 15 8 3 15 7 3 16 8 3 15 7 3 16 4 2 9 4 7 9 4 5 1 4 12 7 5 14 6 5 17 10	£ s. d. 3 12 10 3 1 2 10 3 5 9 3 7 6 3 12 7 3 11 10 3 10 0 3 11 11 3 11 2 3 12 5 3 13 2 3 13 2 3 13 8 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 9 1 5 15 12 6 1 11	£ s. d. 3 8 7 3 10 1 3 15 8 3 14 0 3 12 1 3 13 1 3 13 2 3 14 2 3 15 1 4 0 6 4 4 8 4 9 5 6 0 11 6 6 9 5 19 1	£ s. d. 3 13 11 3 3 8 2 3 7 10 3 12 10 3 11 6 3 12 0 3 13 7 3 12 3 3 12 9 3 12 10 3 14 2 3 19 1 4 5 5 4 4 8 4 5 7 6 5 19 10	£ 8. d 3 11 (3 3 11 (3 3 11 (3 3 11 (3 3 12 (3 10 4 (3 11 (3 12 (3 14 (3 14 (3 14 (4 4 (4 11 (4 11 (4 11 (5 18 (

NOTE.—The figures for 1914 are to 30th July only. Where the date of redemption is optional, the date adopted for the calculation was the earliest in the case of the 4 per cents., and the latest in the case of the 3½ per cents. until 1916, when the latest date in each case was adopted.

Taking the $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cents. as being the representative stocks, it appears that those of New South Wales, South Australia and New Zealand for years prior to 1915 were practically alike and, with very few exceptions, yielded least to the investor. The interest return to the investor in British Consols, as indicated by the mean between the highest and lowest market prices in the year 1919, was £4 12s.1d. per cent.

Prices of stock and debentures in Melbourne. The amount of Victorian Government stock and debentures under certain loans repayable in Melbourne which were outstanding on 30th June, the price in January, and the return to the investor per cent. for each year since

1900, are as follows. The market prices are taken from the Australasian Insurance and Banking Record:—

PRICES OF STOCK AND DEBENTURES IN MELBOURNE:

	Year.	,	Amount Out- , standing on 30th June.	Price in January.	Return to Investor pe cent.
			£		£ s. d
	3 % Stoc	k, due 19	17 or at any time	e thereafter.	
1901		1	3,146,000	98 1 –991	3 0 7
1902		\	3,195,619	993	3 0 4
1903			3,196,933	97	3 1 10
1904			3,120,492	$92\frac{1}{2}$	3 4 10
1905			3,155,773	883	3 7 7
1906			3,153,067	93	3 4 6
1907			3,197,732	$91\frac{1}{2}$	3 5 7
1908			3,226,585	89	3 7 5
1909			3,229 429	87	3 9 0
1910			3,224,771	$85\frac{1}{2}$	3 10 2
1911	•••		3,229,286	85	3 10 7
1912	•••		3,254,312	$83\frac{1}{3}$	3 11 10
1913	•••		3,281,404	74 ~	4 1 1
1914			3,288,617	743	4 0 6
1915	•••	•••	3,272,967	73 -	4 2 2
1916	•••	•••	3,309,069	78	3 16 11
	•••	**	3,193,022	62	4 16 9
1917 1 91 8		•••	3,143,801	60-63	4 17 7
		•••	3,182,530	60	5 0 0
1919 1920			0,102,000	60 [‡]	4 19 2
1920	3	º/ Deben	tures, due 1921-	_	
1001	•	7, 20001	532,000	$97\frac{1}{4}-97\frac{1}{2}$	3 2 9
1901		•••	1,000,000	$95-95\frac{3}{4}$	3 4 10
1902		•••	1,000,000	$93\frac{1}{8} - 93\frac{3}{4}$	3 7 1
1903		. •••	1,000,000	88-90	3 13 2
1904	•••		1,000,000	$87\frac{1}{2}$ - 88	3 15 3
1905	•••		997,400	93	3 8 7
1906	•••	•••		90	3 12 10
1907	•••	•••	993,150	89	3 14 8
1908		•••	985,950	$86\frac{1}{2} - 87$	3 18 8
1909			985,650	88 5 -89	3 16 0
1910			972,850	90	3 14 7
1911	•••		972,850	88	3 18 7
1912			972,850	82-83	4 9 9
1913			972,850	82-83 821	4 11 1
1914			972,850	$82\frac{5}{2}$	4 13 10
1915	•••		970,050		5 5 7
1 9 16		}	969,850	78	5 19 0
1917			969,850	$73\frac{1}{4}-75$	
1918		•••	967,450	$\frac{74\frac{1}{2}}{70.50}$	
1919			967,450	$73-7\bar{6}$	6 8 7
1920		ا	1	74	6 16 0

The prices quoted in this table do not include any allowance for accrued interest, the practice on the Melbourne Stock Exchange differing from that on the London Exchange, where accrued interest is included in prices quoted.

In computing the returns to investors the 3 per cent. stock has been regarded as interminable, as the Government is under no obliga-

tion to redeem it, but has the option of doing so at any time after giving twelve months' notice. In the case of the 3 per cent. debentures it has been assumed that redemption will be made at the latest optional date, viz., 1930. In each year quoted investors have obtained the higher yield per cent. from the debentures. The returns from both these investments in the last eight years were considerably higher than previously, and in the last two years, in the case of the debentures, they were higher than the rates obtained by an investor in Victorian stocks on the British market.

INSURANCE.

There are twenty companies transacting life assurance business in Victoria. Six of these companies have their head offices in Victoria, five in New South Wales, one in New Zealand, three in America, and five in the United Kingdom. The following table shows the number and amount of policies in force in Victoria with companies whose head offices are within, and with those whose head offices are outside Australasia for the years 1910 to 1919:—

LIFE POLICIES IN FORCE IN VICTORIA, 1910 TO 1919.

Companies with Head Offices in-Year. Total. United Australasia. America. Kingdom. NUMBER. 1910 286,312 815 4,928 292,055 . . 306,201 1911 772 4,722 311,695 ٠. 1912 326,511 732 4,603 331,846 1913 346,238 680 4,332 351,250 . . ٠. 1914 363,691 645 4,145 368,481 ٠. 1915 376,588 609 3,909 381,106 ٠. 1916 397,304 574 3,713 401,591 ٠. 1917 421,423 5523,506 425,481 1918 449,954 516 3.254453,724 . . ۹. 3.040 484,965 1919 481,490 435 AMOUNT. 1910 34,286,548 378,577 1,830,126 36,495,251 . . 1911 36,097,151 353,108 1,735,600 38,185,859 . . ٠. 1912 38,119,403 336,198 1,676,745 40,132,346 ٠. 1913 39,675,710 312,101 1,559,014 41,546,825 . . 298,186 1,494,336 1914 41,512,853 43,305,375 ٠. . . 282,693 42,741,257 1,378,139 1915 44,402,089 ٠. 267,423 1,313,045 1916 44,565,105 46,145,573 ١. ٠. 1,248,869 1917 46,881,320 259,157 48,389,346 1,176,262 1918 50,145,800 241,572 51,563,634 . . ٠. 171,226 1919 54,364,714 1,120,676 55,656,616

The figures in the preceding table relate to simple life assurance, endowment assurance, and pure endowment policies, in both the ordinary and industrial classes.

In addition to the 20 companies included in the above table there is one which is registered as a life assurance company with its head office in Victoria but has not transacted ordinary life assurance business. It contracts for medical, sick and funeral benefits, and its premium income for the financial year ended 31st July, 1919, was £11,099.

Of the total amount assured at the end of 1919 (£55,656,616) 97.68 per cent. was in Australasian, ·31 per cent. in British, and 2.01 per cent in American offices. The corresponding percentages at the end of 1909 were 93.6, ·9, and 5.5.

The business transacted by the different offices comprises classification many varieties of assurance, but these may be grouped of assurance into three large classes—(1) simple assurance payable only at death; (2) endowment assurance, payable at the end of a specified term or at previous death; (3) endowments payable only should a person named survive a specified term. An endeavour has been made to obtain direct from each office the business under each of these classes; but in the case of four of the offices the separation between simple assurance and endowment assurance cannot be effected.

Industrial Assurance policies are usually for small amounts, and the premiums are collected at weekly or fortnightly intervals by agents of the insurance company who call at the homes of the assured. Many of these policies are on the lives of children. The Commonwealth Life Assurance Companies Act 1905 places a limitation on the amount which may be assured on the life of a child under the age of ten years, the amount varying from £5 in the first to £45 in the tenth year.

The following table contains particulars of life assurance policies in force in the Ordinary and Industrial departments of companies in each of the last five years:—

LIFE ASSURANCE POLICIES IN FORCE AT 31st DECEMBER, 1915 TO 1919.

		1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
Ordinary Business. Number of Policies— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment	}	181,685 10,961	186,884 10,888	193,589 11,066	200,361 11,633	210,588 11,696
Total		192,646	197,772	204,655	211,994	222,284
Amount Assured— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment	}	£ 39,197,977 1,089,141	£ 40,376,833 1,092,457	£ 42,113,619 1,158,811	£ 44,383,872 1,283,694	£ 47,479,895 1,322,540
Total		40,287,118	41,469,290	43,272,430	45,667,566	48,802,435
Annual Premiums*— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment	}	£ 1,345,349 44,096	£ 1,418,527 44,644	£ 1,486,561 47,359	£ 1,541,628 52,765	£ 1,642,497 54,486
Total		1,389,445	1,463,171	1,533,920	1,594,393	1,696,983
Industrial Business. Number of Policies— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment	••	53,143 116,713 18,604	52,688 133,559 17,572	52,661 150,932 17,233	53,327 171,661 16,742	53,560 192,326 16,795
Total	• •	188,460	203,819	220,826	241,730	262,681
Amount Assured— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment		£ 926,029 2,826,529 362,413	\$ 921,419 3,406,957 347,907	£ 926,235 3,837,054 353,627	£ 967,810 4,566,225 362,033	£ 999,175 5,465,499 389,507
Total	• •	• 4,114,971	4,676,283	5,116,916	5,896,068	6,854,181
Annual Premiums*— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment	::	£ 49,378 186,899 25,187	£ 49,251 222,242 24,163	£ 49,651 262,377 24,565	£ 52,421 312,777 25,318	£ 54,585 371,307 27,328
Total		261,464	295,656	336,593	390,516	453,220

^{*} Including extra premiums for war risks.

There has been an increase of 10,290 ordinary and 20,951 industrial policies since 1918, the increase in the total sum assured by the ordinary policies being £3,134,869 and in that by the industrial policies £958,113. The average amount of policy in the former category for 1919 was £220, whilst—calculated from the returns of those societies which distinguish between simple assurance and endowment assurance—the average amount of the simple assurance policy in the ordinary branch was £375, and that of the endowment assurance policy £165,

the total amounts of the policies in the two forms of assurance being £16,997,028 for simple assurance, and £19,813,302 for endowment assurance. The amount secured under pure endowment policies was £1.322.540, or an average of £113 for each policy. In the industrial branch of the business the average amount of policy was £26.1, and there was not much variation in the average policies of the three classes. viz., simple assurance, £18.7; endowment assurance, £28.4: and pure endowment, £23.2. The total amounts of the several classes of policies were £999,175, £5,465,499, and £389,507 respectively. Taking these figures in conjunction with those relating to the ordinary business with the restriction before mentioned), a preference in favour of endowment assurance is shown. A better test of popularity is furnished by the number of policies in the respective classes. In the ordinary branch of the business of the companies where the distinction is made. there were 45.376 simple assurance, and 119,740 endowment assurance policies, and in the industrial branch 53,560 and 192,326 policies respectively. Judging by these figures, endowment assurance must be regarded as the popular form.

The following statement shows for each of the last ten years the average amount of policy held in the Ordinary and Industrial branches of the business respectively, also the amount assured and the premium payable per head of population in both branches combined:—

AVERAGE AMOUNTS OF ORDINARY AND INDUSTRIAL POLICIES, AND BUSINESS PER HEAD OF POPULATION, 1910 TO 1919.

***			Average A Pol	Amount of icy.	Ordinary and Industrial Business per head of Population.			
	7	ear.		Ordinary Branch.	Industrial Branch	Amount Assured.	Annual Premium Payable,	
<u> </u>				£	£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
1910			٠	214	20.2	28 0 10	1 0 3	
1911				214	20.5	28 10 4	1 0 7	
1912				212	20.9	29 1 5	1 1 1	
1913				211	21.1	29 8 5	1 1 6	
1914			·	210	21.5	30 5 5	1 2 3	
1915				209	21.8	$31 \ 5 \ 9$	1 3 3	
1916				210	22.9	32 19 9	1 5 2	
1917				211	23.2	34 5 11	166	
918				215	24 · 4	36 0 9	1 7 9	
919				220	26.1	37 4 1	189	

Annuity policies in force in Victoria at the end of each of the last ten years, distinguishing between those in force in companies whose head offices are inside, and those in companies whose head offices are outside Victoria:—

ANNUITY POLICIES IN FORCE IN VICTORIA, 1910 TO 1919.

			es in Victoria.		fices outside ctoria.	Total.	
Year.		Number.	Amount per Annum.	Number.	Amount per Annum.	Number.	Amount per Annum.
			£		£		£
1910		159	9,686	388	17,656	547	27,342
1911	• •	154	11,720	422	21,482	576	33,202
1912	• •	158	11,635	419	21,509	577	33,144
1913		173	12,268	427	20,418	600	32,686
1914		179	12,310	441	21,454	620	33,764
1915		188	11,208	429	20,195	617	31,403
1916		192	11,541	419	19,836	611	31,377
1917		194	11,598	437	20,427	631	32,025
1918		196	11,934	415	19,364	611	31,298
1919		201	12,464	396	18,875	597	31,339

The annuities at the close of 1919 exceeded those at the close of 1910 by 9 per cent. in number and 15 per cent. in amount.

Of the 396 annuities held in 1919 in companies whose head offices were outside Victoria, 339 for £16,165 per annum were in New South Wales offices, 6 for £172 in English offices, and 51 for £2,538 in American offices. The figures in the above table include annuities granted by industrial departments of life assurance companies, of which there was one for £49 in force on 31st December, 1919.

The preceding tables relate to policies in force on 31st

Life assurance—
new business. December. The succeeding table contains summarized information in relation to the new business written by all life assurance companies during each of the last five years, the number of policies, sum assured, and premium income being given. The annual premiums are exclusive of extra premiums for war risks.

LIFE ASSURANCE.—NEW POLICIES ISSUED: 1915 TO 1919.

	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
Ordinary Business. Number of Policies— Assurance	0.710		4.00=		, and
Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment	3,718 12,703 811	3,773 12,286 1,056	4,207 14,086 1,837	4,856 14,558 2,230	5,692 16,513 1,869
Total	17,232	17,115	20,130	21,644	24,074
Annuities	38	23	32	19	23
Sum Assured— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment	£ 1,196,272 2,009,489 91,609	£ 1,261,756 2,034,504 100,116	£ 1,663,396 2,341,301 210,193	£ 2,223,911 2,538,304 297,487	£ 2,816,363 3,056,997 261,465
Total	3,297,370	3,396,376	4,214,890	5,059,702	6,134,825
Annuities	1,761	1,273	1,817	860	1,442
Single Premiums— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment	£ 7,193 462 563	£ 3,495 1,446 273	£ 1,565 1,757 743	£ 3,680 362 585	£ 2,798 1,936 212
Total	8,218	5,124	4,065	4,627	4,946
Annuities	16,346	12,183	13,958	6,497	10,066
Annual Premiums— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment	£ 41,082 80,814 4,077	£ 41,602 77,652 4,216	£ 56,392 93,280 8,775	£ 79,803 102,299 12,490	£ 94,915 124,175 11,057
Total	125,973	123,470	158,447	194,592	230,147
Annuities	7		199	13	113
Industrial Business Number of Policies— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment	3,947 36,467 2,248	3,932 39,187 1,587	3,933 42,408 2,271	4,872 44,851 2,083	4,098 48,041 2,411
Total	42,662	44,706	48,612	51,806	54,550
Sum Assured— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment	£ 96,136 922,343 71,296	£ 94,193 1,052,811 51,313	£ 96,907 1,204,431 77,700	£ 142,951 1,404,821 69,841	£ 128,721 1,720,990 104,470
Total	1,089,775	1,198,317	1,379,038	1,617,613	1,954,181
Single Premiums— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment				::	£ 9
Total			••		15
Annual Premiums— Assurance Endowment Assurance Pure Endowment	£ 5,388 69,822 4,740	£ 5,381 77,716 3,557	£ 5,914 90,523 5,423	£ 8,423 100,736 5,256	£ 7,989 120,090 7,465
Total	79,950	86,654	101,860	114,415	135,544

The new business for 1919 includes 24,074 ordinary assurance policies for £6,134,825 and 54,550 industrial policies for £1,954,181, the former averaging about £255 and the latter £36 in amount. The policies in force in the two sections of the business increased in the year by 10,290 for £3,134,869 and 20,951 for £958,113 respectively,

indicating that those which became claims by death or maturity or were discontinued during 1919 must, after deduction of revivals, have numbered 13,784 for £2,999,956 in ordinary, and 33,599 for £996,068 in industrial assurance business.

Insurance other than Life, The following table shows the transactions of insurance companies doing other than life business and operating in Victoria during the period 1915 to 1919:—

INSURANCE—OTHER THAN LIFE: 1915 to 1919.

Nature of	Year.		Receipts.			Outgo.	
Insurance.		Premiums.	Other.	Total.	Losses.	Other.	Total.
		£	£	£	£	£	£
Fire	1915		36,959	882,310	336,653	334,885	671,538
	1916	845,351 928,300	35,443	963,743	343,170	385,651	728,82
	1917	1,026 377	40,838	1,067,215	221,945	419,772	641,71
	1918	1,092,090	46,595	1.138,685	260,861	457,384	718,24
	1919	1,224,824	51,354	1,276,178	540,706	523,740	1,064,44
Marine	1915	221,282	8,729	230,011	108,291	55,002	163,29
	1916	280,188	13,302	293,490	203,511	69,711	273,22
	1917	259,736	11,436	271,172	79,561	71,925	151,48
	1918	308,792	13,015	321,807	41,791	81,220	123,01
	1919	315,869	13,189	329,058	61,903	84,967	146,87
Juarantee	1915	10,620	2,062	12,682	3,805	4,212	8.01
	1916	11,190	861	12,051	2,549	4,836	7,38
	1917	12,932	1,009	13,941	1,701	5,671	7,37
	1918	12,497	973	13,470	2,005	4,987	6,99
	1919	14,488	858	15,346	871	5,705	6,57
Live Stock	1915	18,078	70	18,148	14,703	4,841	19,54
	1916	20 455	995	21,450	10,503	6,256	16,75
	1917	22,348	663	23,011	12,848	6,727	19,57
	1918	25,996	274	26,270	13,637	6,397	20,03
	1919	10,961	269	11,230	5,650	4,530	10,18
Plate Glass	1915	11,710	377	12,087	4,196	4,798	8,99
	1916	11,923	989	12,912	4,163	4,704	8,86
	1917	12,935	184	13,119	5,069	5,716	10,78
	1918	18,289	395	18,684	6,600	7,433	14,03
	1919	22,591	522	23,113	8,219	8,379	16,598
Motor Car	1915	33,615	620	34,235	15,739	12,762	28,50
	1916	33,627	960	34,587	8,262	11,831	20,09
	1917	38,221	968	39,189	18,221	14 098	32,31
	1918	45,008	1,327	46,335	22,201	17,059	39,26 48,66
	1919	60,246	1,700	61,946	27,451	21,214	
Accident (Per-	1915	28,251	891	29,142	12,138	13,118	25,25
sonal)	1916	28,037	873	28,910	12,251	12,427	24,67
	1917	33,851	909	34,760	9,446	15,718	25,16 35,85
	1918 1919	41,492	933	42,425 45,492	$18,667 \\ 22,646$	17,184 17,503	40.14
	I	44,525	967			·	
Workers' Com-	1915	227,624	3,981	231,605	62,353	73,955 69,735	136,30 151,59
pensation	1916	212,880	8,764	221,644	81,856 91,628	67,534	159,16
-	1917 1918	200,320 189,679	6,851 8,288	207,171 197,967	99,849	66,668	166,51
	1919	209,036	9,699	218,735	110,829	70,050	180,87
Other					11,817	$-\frac{10,000}{12,642}$	24.45
other	1915 1916	29,925 34,837	4,230 4,308	34,155 39,145	13,047	15,000	28,04
	1917	38,912	5,707	44,619	17,948	17,821	35,76
	1918	34,668	5,984	40,652	12,338	17,799	30,13
•	1919	37,545	7,566	45,111	16,224	17,824	34,04
Cotals	1915	1,426,456	57,919	1,484,375	569,695	516,215	1,085,91
	1916	1,561,437	66,495	1,627,932	679,312	580,151	1,259,46
	1917	1,645,632	68,565	1,714,197	458,367	624,982	1,083,34
100	1918	1,768,511	77,784	1,846,295	477,949	676,131	1,154,08
	1919	1,940,085	86,124	2,026,209	794,499	753,912	1,548,41

The particulars given in this table relate to Victorian risks, that is, to all business written on the Victorian registers of the ninety-two

companies represented in the return. The figures are net, and in the case of premiums exclude all re-insurances in Australasia, and returns; the losses also exclude amounts recovered from Australasian re-insuring offices, but include losses on Victorian risks wherever paid. Premiums paid and losses recovered under re-insurances of Victorian business effected outside Australasia have not been deducted in compiling the figures quoted above. The item "Other outgo" excludes expenditure, amounting to about £21,000 in 1919, incurred in Victoria in connexion with the supervision of branches outside the State, as well as the sum expended outside Victoria on the supervision of branches within the State. The amount so expended outside the State is unknown, but it is probably less than the outlay under the former heading.

The total amount at risk is not available, but it is obvious, from the extent of the premiums, that the amount covered must be very large. The total losses on all classes of insurance for the five years given in the table represent about 36 per cent. of the premiums.

COMPANIES.

Trading companies registered. A statement of the number and nature of the business of trading companies floated and registered in Victoria during the year 1919 is appended:—

TRADING COMPANIES REGISTERED IN VICTORIA, 1919.

Nature of Business.	No. Regis- tered.	Nature of Business.	No. Regis- tered.
fanufacturing-		Manufacturing—continued.	
Tanneries	. 3	Clothing, dressmaking,	
Oil, grease	. 1	&c	8
Soap, candle	. 1	Hats, caps	3
Brick, pottery, tile .	. 5	Hosiery, knitting	3 3
Glass	. 1	Boot, shoe	$\frac{3}{2}$
Sawmill (forest)	. 1 2	Furriers	2
Sawmilling, box making .	. 9	Other textile	3
Engineering, ironfounding	ς,	Printing and publishing	12
and machinery	. 18	Manufacturing stationers	3
Other metal working .	. 4	Engravers	3
D	. 2	Motor bodies	1
Butter, cheese	. 4	Furniture	2
Freezing, preserving .	. 5	Polish	ì
Plane million	. 2	Chemicals	6
T-man manadauras	. 2	Paint, varnish, whitelead	3
Carool and other fords	. 3	Electroplating	i
Confortions	. 1	Electric apparatus	Ī
Association and the second	$\frac{1}{2}$	Electric supply	2
Maltotono		Gas apparatus	! ī
Classe shoulets	:\ î .	Leatherware	ĺ
Q_14	. i	Miscellaneous (Patent rights,	-
Tohoroo	. î '	&c.)	8

TRADING COMPANIES REGISTERED IN VICTORIA, 1919—continued.

Nature of Business.	No. Regis- tered.	Nature of Business.	No. Regis- tered.
PRIMARY PRODUCTION-		Transport	
Vineyards Rubber growing Flax Mining and prospecting	1 1 2 7	Aviation Shipping Motor garage, taxi-cab	1 1 14
Trading— Warehousemen, merchants, dealers, &c	36	MISCELLANEOUS— Hotels, restaurants Builders and contractors Clubs Educational Caterers for amusements	5 4 3 2 2
FINANCIAL— Land and property investment	14 2 11	Weighbridge Undertaker District Traders' Association Ambulance Salvaging of vessels Retail Motor Dealers' Association Aid Society Public Hall Oyster supply	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

The figures in the above table refer only to companies floated and registered in Victoria under Part I. of the Companies Act 1915, and are exclusive of 21 foreign companies registered during the year. Twenty eight ordinary mining companies were registered during 1919 under Part II. of the Act. These, as well as insurance companies doing life business only, and building societies, are also excluded from the table. Of the 253 companies registered during 1919 as shown above, 207, or about 82 per cent., were registered as proprietary companies.

Number of existing

According to records in the Registrar-General's office, there were 2,407 trading companies in 1919 actively engaged in the operations for which they were formed, as against 2,278 in 1918, 2,284 in 1917, 2,439 in 1916, and 2,493 in 1915. In addition to the above, there were 19 insurance companies registered in 1919 for the purpose of transacting life business only, also a large number of mining companies, but how many is not known.

Since the coming into operation of the Building Societies Act 1874, 156 societies have been registered in
accordance with its provisions. The business of the
societies was extensive up to the year 1892, but it has since declined.
The number of companies still carrying on business is 31, of which
6 were established on the Starr-Bowkett principle. The following
table gives particulars of the principal items of business for the last
five years:—

BUILDING SOCIETIES: 1914-15 TO 1918-19.

	1914–15.	1915–16.	1916-17.	1917–18.	1918–19.
Number of societies " shareholders borrowers	32 8,001 10,337	31 7,650 10,043	31 7, 52 4 9 ,680		31 7,400 9,402
Transactions during the Year— Income from loans and investments Loans granted Repayments Deposits received Working expenses, including interest on deposits, &c.	£ 172,448 315,350 518,245 584,849 71,773	£ 174,366 369,093 540,588 607,283 70,257	£ 163,766 338,979 518,835 552,447 66,818	462,910 606,253 7 97,308	£ 176,842 739,772 649,299 626,732 73,458
Assets— Loans on mortgage Properties in possession or surrendered Other advances Cash in hand, &c Other assets* Total	2,161,297 476,296 20,273 52,005 9,508 2,719,379	2,088,476 469,403 19,931 28,532 16,411 2,622,753	2,035,768 460,627 13,301 40,541 24,775 2,575,012	11,691 42,222 49,806	2,264,083 380,391 13,084 47,407 68,217 2,773,182

Including Commonwealth War Loans Stock, £12,450 in 1915-16, £20,300 in 1916-17.
 £40,075 in 1917-18, and £66,800 in 1918-19.

Building Societies: 1914-15 to 1918-19—continued.

	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918–19.
Liabilities—	£	£	£	£	£
To shareholders	1,299,072	1,316,145	1,307,860	1,307,022	1,334,075
" debenture-holders				:-	
" depositors	887,813	796,325	7 46,75 0		848,787
Bank overdraft	21,928	29,821	18,185	23,901	41,041
Other	91,815	89,010	85,994	82,0 00	83,003
Total	2,310,69 3	2,231,301	2,158,789	2,120,752	2,306,906
Reserve Funds	331,174	332,877	354,073	370,830	387,867

The following table contains particulars for the last five years of societies registered under the Provident Societies Act. The particulars given do not represent complete information regarding co-operative societies, since it is optional whether such societies register as provident societies or as trading companies. As a matter of fact there is a large number of co-operative butter factories and other co-operative societies which are registered as trading companies under the Companies Act, and are not represented in the table here given.

PROVIDENT (CO-OPERATIVE) SOCIETIES, 1915 TO 1919.

	1015	1010	1018	1010	1010
	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
Number of Societies	50	49	53	64	70
Number of Shareholders	20,661	13,132	13,589	19,789	20,697
	£	£ .	£	£	£
Total Sales during Year	812,115	817,312	888,213	1,096,170	1,244,416
Other Revenue	8,492	16,046	22,949	33,682	49,333
Wages and Salaries for Year	55,127	53,558	57,821	71,045	91,391
Other Working Expenses	81,270	64,205	61,512	83,369	102,164
Net Profit	10,774	22,776	27,077	29,077	38,987
Liabilities at end of Year—					
Paid-up Capital	109,401	102,973	124,208	147,442	173,088
Reserves	36,395	38,804	46,455	56,284	61,310
Bank Overdraft	59,506	59,602	63,791	86,446	127,648
Sundry Creditors	66,181	64,323	93,376	151,848	175,229
Other Liabilities	79,217	57,636	75,918	70,160	72,382
Total Liabilities	350,700	323,338	403,748	512,180	609,657
Assets at end of Year—					
Real Estate	89,016	75,334	100,519	115,557	148,582
Stock	97,241	112,268	136,899	194,141	235,281
Fittings, Plant, and Machinery	24,800	22,908	28,574	54,220	51,104
Sundry Debtors	132,181	121,980	140,251	144,885	186,96
Cash in Hand and on Deposit	16,177	17,194	14,431	15,292	20,336
Other Assets	2,518	1,341	6,703	10,785	12,78
Total Assets	361,933	351,025	427,377	534,880	655,05

The number of societies which were registered under the Provident Societies Act up to 31st December, 1919, was 167, and of these 125 had been registered since the year 1900. The nature of the business carried on by the 70 societies in existence in 1919 is shown in the subjoined statement:—

EXISTING PROVIDENT SOCIETIES, 1919.

	Nature	of Busines	s.			No. transactin Business
Farmers' associations act	ing as gene	ral mer	chants an	d comm	ission	į
agents, &c						17
General merchants						12
Fruitpackers, merchants,	and salesme	en				9
Breadmaking and sale of						7
Cool storage	٠.					7
Supplying fruitgrowers' r	equisites					3
Jam manufactures, &c.						2
Butchering						$\frac{2}{2}$
Commission agent						1
Co-operative credit bank	ing					1
Fish selling	•					1
Printing and publishing						1
Eucalyptus oil distilling						1
Storage of wheat						1
Erection of building						1
Supplying butchers' requ	isites					1
Poultry farming						1
Purchase of real and per-		ty				1
Egg-laying competition	• • •	٠		••		1
Total	•					70

The co-operative cool stores societies have been formed chiefly to provide cool storage accommodation for the fruit grown by their members, who are orchardists, and of whom several have availed themselves of the provisions of Part I. of the *Fruit Act* 1917, which empowers the Government to make advances to companies for the purpose of constructing fruit-works.

Trustees, Executors, and Agency Gompanies.

There are eight trustee companies transacting business and Agency Gompanies.

From their published balance-sheets the following particulars for 1918–19 have been obtained:—Paid-up capital, £351,780; reserve funds, &c., £218,305; other liabilities, £88,232; total liabilities, £658,317. The assets were:—Deposits with Government, £122,404; other investments in public securities, &c., £138,274; loans on mortgage, £52,693; property, £221,476; other assets, £123,470. The net profits for the year were £53,574 and the

amount of dividends and bonuses was £36,589. The net profits are equivalent to about $9\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the shareholders' funds, as represented by paid-up capital, reserves, and undivided profits.

MORTGAGES, LIENS, ETC.

A statement of the number and amount of registered mortgages and releases of land in each of the last five years is given hereunder. In a small proportion of the mortgages the amount of the loan is not stated, and it is considered that the amounts appearing in the following table fall short of the total by about 5 per cent. No account is taken of unregistered or equitable mortgages to financial institutions and individuals, as there is no public record of these dealings; nor are building society mortgages over land held under the Transfer of Land Act included, they being registered as absolute transfers. Besides releases registered as such, some mortgages are released or lapse in other ways, e.g., by a transfer from mortgagor to mortgagee, by sale by mortgagee, or by foreclosure.

LAND MORTGAGES AND RELEASES: 1915 TO 1919.

Transactions Regi	istered.	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
		·				
	4.					
Mortgages-						
Number		13,934	11,445	10,188	10,694	13,425
Amount	£	9,476,974	8,015,066	5,761,855	6,678,497	8,287,079
Releases—						
Number		9,051	8,670	8,743	11,153	13,309
Amount	£	6,908,671	6,538,141	5,592,240	7,252,914	8,985,683

Stock mortgages, liens on amount of stock mortgages, liens on wool, and liens on crops registered during each of the last five years were as follows. Releases are not shown, as releases of liens are not required to be registered, the latter being removed from the register after the expiration of twelve months, 7791.—14

and very few of the mortgagors of stock trouble to secure themselves by a registered release:—

STOCK MORTGAGES AND LIENS ON WOOL AND CROPS: 1915 TO 1919.

Security.	İ	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
- 1			<u> </u>			-
Stock Mortgages-	_]					
Number		605	862	566	607	384
Amount	£	129,753	202.872	241,293	128,161	89,002
Liens on Wool-	1					1
Number		94	74	51	49	38
Amount	£	46.118	42,483	39,073	41,915	31,613
Liens on Crops—	i	,				, ,
Number		7.674	4,628	3,392	1,222	874
Amount	£	332,684	276,390	170,913	230,830	223,300
Total—						
Number		8,373	5.564	4,009	1,878	1,296
Amount	£	508,555	521.745	451,279	400,906	343,915

Two forms of security are taken by lenders over personal chattels, viz., a bill of sale, or a contract of sale for letting and hiring. The former is a simple mortgage of the chattels, whilst the latter purports to be an absolute sale of the chattels to the lender, with an agreement by the lender to hire the goods back to the borrower at a certain rental, which takes the place of interest. Before filing a bill of sale fourteen days' notice of intention to file must be lodged with the Registrar-General, within which period any creditor may lodge a "caveat" to prevent the filing of the bill without the payment by the borrower of his claim. The following are the numbers and amounts of bills and contracts of sale which have been filed in each of the last five years.

BILLS AND CONTRACTS OF SALE: 1915 TO 1919.

Security.		1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
Bills of Sale—	ĺ			1		
Number		1,106	877	835	1,315	1,043
Amount	£	458,050	199,969	142,100	232,882	192,777
Contracts of Sale						
Number		87	57	27	46	29
Amount	£	7,383	4,151	3,802	5,150	2,320